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**UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL**  
**(Large Entity)***(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))*Docket No.  
CX099034

Total Pages in this Submission

21

**TO THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS**Box Patent Application  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Transmitted herewith for filing under 35 U.S.C. 111(a) and 37 C.F.R. 1.53(b) is a new utility patent application for an invention entitled:

**HIGH AVAILABILITY MECHANISM IN A CABLE ENVIRONMENT**

and invented by:

**Robert WALLACE**If a **CONTINUATION APPLICATION**, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Which is a:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Which is a:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Enclosed are:

**Application Elements**

1. ☒ Filing fee as calculated and transmitted as described below
2. ☒ Specification having 12 pages and including the following:
  - a. ☒ Descriptive Title of the Invention
  - b. ☐ Cross References to Related Applications *(if applicable)*
  - c. ☐ Statement Regarding Federally-sponsored Research/Development *(if applicable)*
  - d. ☐ Reference to Microfiche Appendix *(if applicable)*
  - e. ☒ Background of the Invention
  - f. ☒ Brief Summary of the Invention
  - g. ☒ Brief Description of the Drawings *(if drawings filed)*
  - h. ☒ Detailed Description
  - i. ☒ Claim(s) as Classified Below
  - j. ☒ Abstract of the Disclosure

# UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL (Large Entity)

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

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## Application Elements (Continued)

3. ☒ Drawing(s) (when necessary as prescribed by 35 USC 113)

- a. ☐ Formal Number of Sheets \_\_\_\_\_
- b. ☒ Informal Number of Sheets 3

4. ☒ Oath or Declaration

- a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy) ☐ Unexecuted
- b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) (for continuation/divisional application only)
- c. ☒ With Power of Attorney ☐ Without Power of Attorney
- d. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)  
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application,  
see 37 C.F.R. 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).

5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference (usable if Box 4b is checked)

The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.

6. ☐ Computer Program in Microfiche (Appendix)

7. ☐ Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all must be included)

- a. ☐ Paper Copy
- b. ☐ Computer Readable Copy (identical to computer copy)
- c. ☐ Statement Verifying Identical Paper and Computer Readable Copy

## Accompanying Application Parts

8. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s)) **copy of the executed Assignment**

9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(B) Statement (when there is an assignee)

10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)

11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations

12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment

13. ☒ Acknowledgment postcard

14. ☒ Certificate of Mailing

☐ First Class ☒ Express Mail (Specify Label No.): EK 129 212 830 US

**UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL**  
**(Large Entity)**

*(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))*

Docket No.  
CX099034

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**Accompanying Application Parts (Continued)**

15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed)

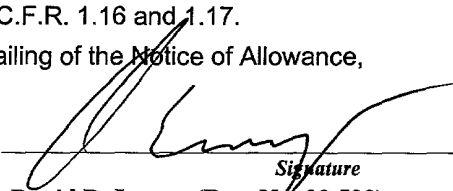
16. ☐ Additional Enclosures (please identify below):

**Fee Calculation and Transmittal**

**CLAIMS AS FILED**

For	#Filed	#Allowed	#Extra	Rate	Fee
Total Claims	9	- 20 =	0	x \$18.00	\$0.00
Indep. Claims	2	- 3 =	0	x \$78.00	\$0.00
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable) <input type="checkbox"/>					\$0.00
BASIC FEE					\$690.00
OTHER FEE (specify purpose)					\$0.00
TOTAL FILING FEE					\$690.00

- ☒ A check in the amount of **\$690.00** to cover the filing fee is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge and credit Deposit Account No. **50-0369** as described below. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☐ Charge the amount of \_\_\_\_\_ as filing fee.
- ☒ Credit any overpayment.
- ☒ Charge any additional filing fees required under 37 C.F.R. 1.16 and 1.17.
- ☐ Charge the issue fee set in 37 C.F.R. 1.18 at the mailing of the Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.311(b).

  
Signature  
David D. Lowry (Reg. No. 38,538)  
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Dated: July 26, 2000

CC:

**CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY "EXPRESS MAIL" (37 CFR 1.10)**Applicant(s): **Robert Wallace**

Docket No.

**CX099034**Serial No.  
not yet assignedFiling Date  
July 26, 2000Examiner  
not yet assignedGroup Art Unit  
not yet assignedInvention: **HIGH AVAILABILITY MECHANISM IN A CABLE ENVIRONMENT**

I hereby certify that this Utility Patent Appl (Spec.: 12 pp; drawings: 3 pp) executed decl.; copy of exec. assignment; filing fee; transmittals. *(Identify type of correspondence)*

is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 in an envelope addressed to: The Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C.

20231-0001 on July 26, 2000  
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Docket Number: CX099034  
BRFG Docket: 20368/7

Application for U.S. Patent:

HIGH AVAILABILITY MECHANISM IN A CABLE ENVIRONMENT

Inventor:

Robert Wallace

of

Motorola Corporation

5 HIGH AVAILABILITY MECHANISM IN A CABLE ENVIRONMENT

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to headend devices and more particularly to devices for providing high availability and fault tolerance in a cable system.

10 Cable communication systems typically route signals from a headend through trunk cables or fibers from which cables branch to individual users. The headend is the originating point in a communication system. Demand for connections through cable headends has greatly increased as cable usage has increased. Increased usage of cable modems and cable telephony is expected to place further demand upon headend operators. Cable headends therefore require  
15 high availability platforms having maximum fault tolerance for routing signals.

Providing a high availability platform in a cable headend environment is difficult. Typical cable headend units have multiple headend elements, each driving a separate cable wire. Physical limitation on the length of cable wire which can be driven by one headend element requires cable networks to be divided into smaller connection networks, each driven by a  
20 separate headend element. Even within these limits, cable headend units suffer high burnout, in part due to the power requirements and heat generated from driving a radio frequency (RF) signal. Failures often suddenly occur without prior indication, thereby causing an interruption in service. Typical radio frequency (RF) interfaces at a cable headend are switched using RF matrix switches which are well known to persons of ordinary skill in the art. Fault tolerance is

achieved by using a matrix switch to transfer signals from a failed cable element to a good element. Any number of spare elements are typically provided for any set of cable elements that are attached to the matrix switch. A failed element is switched out when a fault is detected and an appropriate spare element is switched into its place while the fault is swapped out or repaired.

5        Fault tolerant systems have been developed to provide a single spare element which is capable of taking on the role of any one of a set of other elements in the cable headend. The number of spare elements and switching interfaces is reduced, thereby reducing cost and space requirements. Such fault tolerant systems are not scalable because they are typically switched using matrix switches which are available only in fixed  $N \times N$  configurations. Incremental  
10 addition of a single spare element or a small number of spare elements in such systems may therefore require the expensive purchase and installation of a large matrix switch. Scalability is thus limited to installation of new element in blocks based on added switch matrixes.

## BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

15        Accordingly, the present invention provides an apparatus and method for efficiently replacing failed elements in a cable headend. Each cable element in a fault tolerant cable headend system is configured to serve as a spare for at least one of its adjacent elements. Upon the failure of any element, an adjacent element is switched into the circuit of the failed element. The next adjacent element is switched into the circuit of the first adjacent element to take its  
20 place. A rippling sequence of shifting elements propagates until a spare unused element is switched into its neighbors place. The failed element may then be repaired or replaced (swapped out) and becomes a spare element, or the elements are shifted to their original position. No further switching is required until another failure occurs.

Switching may be implemented according to the present invention by using simple multiplexing devices. Each RF switch or multiplexing device may be installed as an individual module. A systems according to the present invention is therefore scalable to very large configurations in an economical and nearly linear manner.

5       The system according to the present invention is useful for applications where each elements is capable of performing the function of the adjacent elements that it may be called upon to replace. State information (if any) for an element should be available for at least one adjacent element. A system according to the present invention may be implemented using 3 to 1 multiplexing devices wherein any element is capable of replacing either of its adjacent elements.

10       Advantages of the present invention include automatic fault tolerance in a system which may be easily scaled up or down. A system according to the present invention also requires minimal real estate for extra components such as spare boards. Other advantages include simplicity in monitoring and fail over, in that an element need only monitor the functioning and state of an adjacent element, without a need for centralized monitor. Other advantages include  
15       ease of repair by technicians in that only a failed board in a system need be pulled out and replaced, instead of having to pull out several boards for reconfiguration.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

20       Fig. 1 is a block diagram of a system according to the present invention;

Fig. 2a is a block diagram showing an illustrative embodiment according to the present invention;

Fig. 2b is a block diagram showing how the illustrative embodiment in Fig. 2a



compensates for a failed element;

Fig. 2c is a block diagram showing the illustrative embodiment of Fig. 2b after the failed element has been repaired or replaced; and

Fig. 2d is a block diagram showing how the illustrative embodiment of Fig. 2c  
5 compensates after another element has failed.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Fig. 1 shows a typical system according to the present invention including a headend  
10 element 14 and a switch 10. The headend element 14 is any type of transmitting or receiving unit used in a system where multiple similar headend elements 14 are in connection with separate circuits or networks 16. Examples include RF cable transmitters or receivers, ethernet or ATM drivers, optical drivers, repeaters, telephone circuits or terminators, modems including telephonic or cable, etc. Such elements 14 are typically on PC boards mounted close together in a backplane system. The switch 10 is any type of switch which selects between two (or more)  
5 connections, including relays, both mechanical and solid state, and multiplexers or demultiplexers. A headend element 14a is connected to one input of one switch or multiplexing device 10a and an adjacent headend element 14b is connected to another input of the multiplexing device 10a. The multiplexing device 10a is switchable to connect a line 16 to either of two adjacent headend elements 14, as shown by arrow 13.

20 Each element 14 has access to state information 15 regarding an adjacent element 14 that is connected to another input on a shared multiplexing device 12, as shown by arrow 17. State information 15 (if any) may be accessible either by maintaining individual element 14 state information in a centralized location separate from the elements 14 (not shown), or by providing

element 14 with appropriate storage for both its own state information 15, and for its adjacent neighbor. Each element 14 is thereby continuously prepared to be swapped into a role of an adjacent element 14.

Upon detection of a fault in any headend element 14 according to the present invention, the switch 10 is signaled to switch over so the adjacent element 14 is now driving the line 16 connections over to an adjacent element 14 in the direction of the nearest spare element. The elements 14 participating in a shift then refresh their status information in preparation for a later shift.

The failed element 14 may then be repaired or replaced to serve as the next spare element 18. Alternatively the system may shift back to employ the repaired or replaced element 14 and disconnect the original spare element 18.

Referring to Fig. 2a, an exemplary embodiment for a cable headend system according to the present invention is illustrated. The RF switch 10 includes a cascaded set of five 2-1 multiplexing devices 12. The RF switch 10 of the exemplary embodiment connects five elements 14 in a cable headend to five cable outputs 16 and includes one spare element 18. It can be seen by reference to the Fig. 2a that the multiplexing devices 12 are modular so that any number of multiplexing devices 12 may be cascaded to switch a corresponding number of elements 14. It will be apparent to persons of skill in the art that 3-1 multiplexing devices may be used in place of the 2-1 multiplexing devices 12 of the illustrated exemplary embodiment of Fig. 2a - Fig. 2d.

The 2-1 multiplexing devices 12 may be switched to connect any cable output 16 to any of two headend elements 14. Accordingly each 2-1 multiplexing devices 12 provide a connections from a single cable output to a single headend element 14 or its adjacent element 14

on one side. Systems according to the present invention that employ 3-1 multiplexing devices are capable of switching a single cable output 16 from a single headend element 14 to either of its two adjacent elements 14.

Referring now to Fig. 2b, the condition of the exemplary embodiment is illustrated after a failure of a single element 14' has occurred. Upon detection of the failure, the 2-1 multiplexing devices 12 for the failed element 14' switches over so the adjacent element 14 takes over driving the cable output of the failed element 14'. Either simultaneously, or in a ripple fashion, the 2-1 multiplexing devices 12 for each adjacent element 14 switches over until all cable outputs 16 are driven, with the spare element 18 now filling in for its adjacent element 14. It can be seen that three of the 2-1 multiplexing devices 12 have changed state to shift connections of three cable outputs 16 to adjacent elements. Each element 14 from the failed element 14' to the spare element 18 is functionally replaced by the element 14 to its left.

Referring now to Fig. 2c, the condition of the exemplary embodiment is illustrated after the failed element 14' of Fig. 2b, is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replaced element becomes the new spare element 18. Alternatively, the 2-1 multiplexing devices 12 all switch back to their original settings, whereupon the end element 14 will again be the spare, as shown in Fig. 2a. However, it is not necessary to "reset" the system in this way, as will be described.

Referring to Fig. 2d, the condition of the exemplary embodiment of Fig. 2c is illustrated after a second failure has occurred, this time in element 14' Fig. 2d. It can be seen that two 2-1 multiplexing devices 12 are switched back to their initial state thereby cascading two cable outputs 16 toward the right and connecting them to good elements 14. A feature of the present invention is that as elements 14 fail and are replaced, the position of the spare element 18 can

move around the system, and the 2-1 multiplexing devices 12 will always be able to configure the system so that all cable outputs 16 are driven.

The control of monitoring the system switching headend elements 14 may be performed by a separate monitoring and control system (not shown), or may be performed in a autonomous fashion by the individual headend elements 14. This autonomous monitoring ability as a useful feature of the present invention. All a headend element 14 has to do is know the state (status information) of it's adjacent element 14 (which can be determined by noting which element 14 it would replace if the switch device 12 switches over), and if it's adjacent element 14 is responding. If the adjacent element 14 stops responding, then the headend element 14 informs the switch device 12 to switch over, and updates it's state to be that of the failed adjacent element 14. The headend element finally stops responding to its neighbor's 14 monitoring, thereby causing the neighbor 14 to perform this same switchover, thereby rippling down the system until the spare element 18 is reached. Therefore, the system can shift over autonomously, without the need for central monitoring and control. The spare element 18 monitors the state 15 of its adjacent element 14, the only difference is that the spare element 18 is offline until it is switched in and takes over for its adjacent element.

If a higher level of fault tolerance is desired, then 3-1 multiplexing devices 12 can be employed, whereby a failed element 14' can be replaced an adjacent element on either side (not shown). The advantage to this configuration of the present invention is two (or more) spare elements 18 may be used, with the spare elements 18 initially positioned at either end of the system. This configuration of the present invention allows for multiple element 14 failures. Both spare elements 18 may then move around the system, which has higher reliability because multiple elements 14 can fail before the system must be serviced.

Any number of modular multiplexing devices 12 are cascaded to form an RF switch 12 for a fault system at a cable headend. Each element 14 is capable of performing the functions of at least one adjacent element 14 and stores relevant status information regarding the at least one adjacent element 14 to facilitate rapid substitution when a failure of an element 14 occurs.

- 5 Multiplexing devices 12 may be added or removed in a modular fashion to facilitate scaling of the system.

In at least one embodiment of the present invention, a cable headend element is a cable modem termination system such as a model CAS 2000 produced by Motorola Corporation. It should be apparent to persons of skill in the art that any number of headend elements may be  
10 switched according to the present invention to provide a low cost scalable fault tolerance system. Persons having ordinary skill in the art will recognize that an RF switch 10 according to the present invention may also be manually or automatically controlled to disconnect an element 14 and shift specific output cables 16 toward a spare element 18. The invention may thereby be used to facilitate routine maintenance operations as well as to provide fault tolerance.

- 15 Although exemplary embodiments have been described, other embodiments and modifications of the invention are intended to be covered by the spirit and scope of the appended claims.

## CLAIMS

I claim:

1) A fault tolerant headend system comprising:

at least two headend elements, a first headend element and an adjacent headend element;

5 at least one switching device having an output port capable of connecting to one of at least two inputs ports wherein one input port is connected to said first headend elements and another input port is connected to said adjacent headend element;

wherein said output port of each switching device is connectable to an output cable;

wherein said adjacent headend element is capable of taking over functioning of said first

10 headend element; and

at least one of said headend elements is a spare headend element.

2) The system according to claim 1 wherein a plurality of said switching devices are configurable in modular fashion wherein individual switching devices are installable and  
15 removable to scalably configure capacity.

3) The system according to claim 1 wherein said headend system is a cable headend system.

20 4) The system according to claim 1 wherein each of said switching devices is a 2 to 1 switching device having two input ports and one output port.

5) The system according to claim 1 wherein each of said switching devices is a 3 to 1 switching device having three input ports and one output port.

6) The system according to claim 1 wherein said first headend element includes state information; said state information accessible by said adjacent headend element.

7) The system according to claim 1 further including a plurality of headend elements arranged in a row, wherein if one headend element fails, said switching devices shift at least one headend element so that an adjacent headend element to said failed headend element takes over for said failed headend element; and said spare headend element takes over for a headend element adjacent to said spare headend element.

8) A method of providing a fault tolerant headend system comprising:

connecting a plurality of adjacent headend elements to a series of switching devices

wherein at least one of said headend elements is a spare headend element and wherein each headend element is capable of taking over functioning of at least one adjacent headend element;

5 detecting a fault in one of said headend elements;

shifting headend elements, comprising:

configuring a headend element adjacent to said fault detected headend elements to take over functioning of said fault detected headend elements; and

changing a state of specific switching devices to connect said adjacent headend element to an output cable of said fault detected headend elements; and

10 performing said steps of shifting headend elements in the direction of a spare headend element, until the spare element is connected to an output cable.

9) The method according to claim 8 further comprising the steps of refreshing said

15 failed element to serve as a new spare element.



## ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A scalable fault tolerant cable headend switching system using modular switching or multiplexing devices. A radio frequency switch connects a series of adjacent cable headend element to a series of output cables. At least one spare cable headend element is connected along  
5 with the series. Each cable headend element is configured to be readily swapped with adjacent elements. Output cables are cascaded away from a faulty element toward a spare element when a fault is detected.

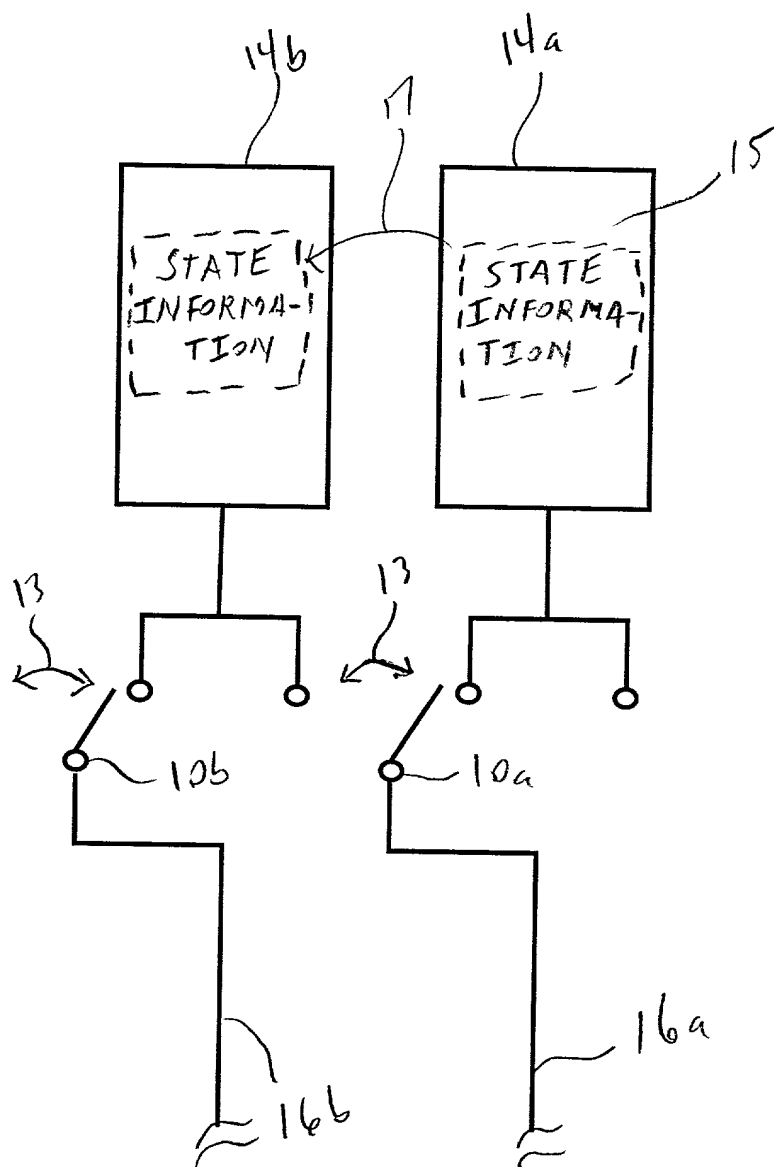
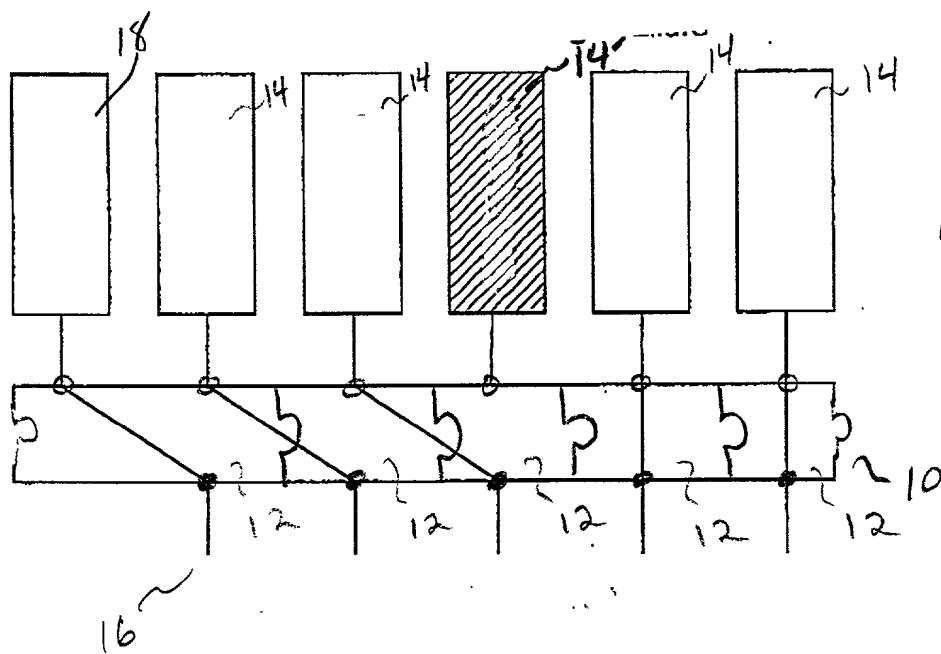
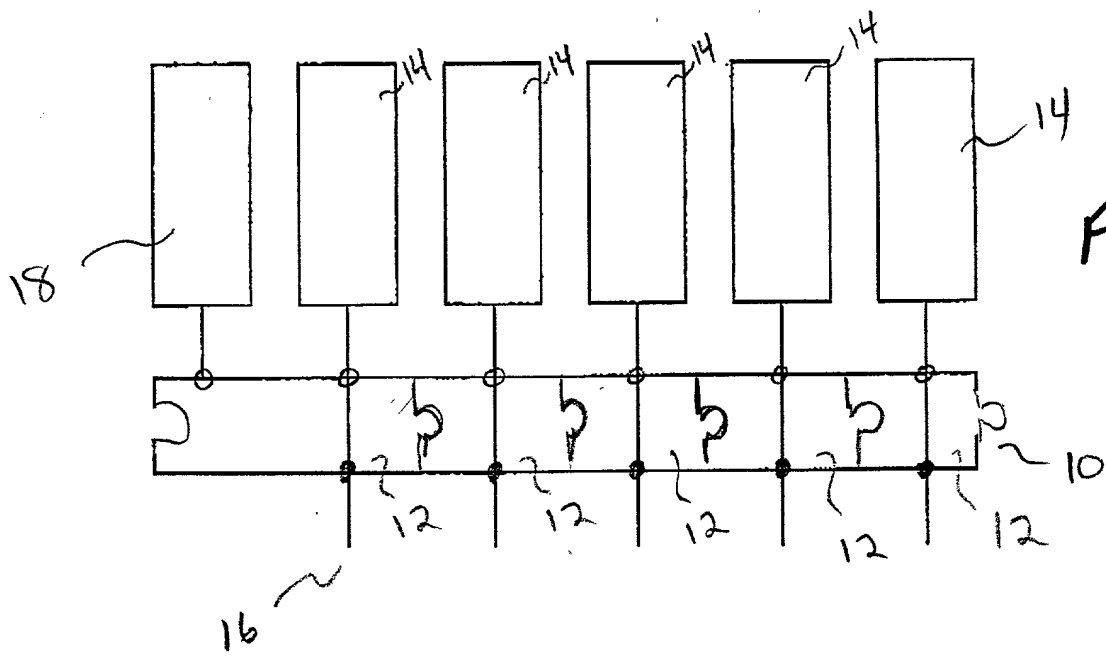
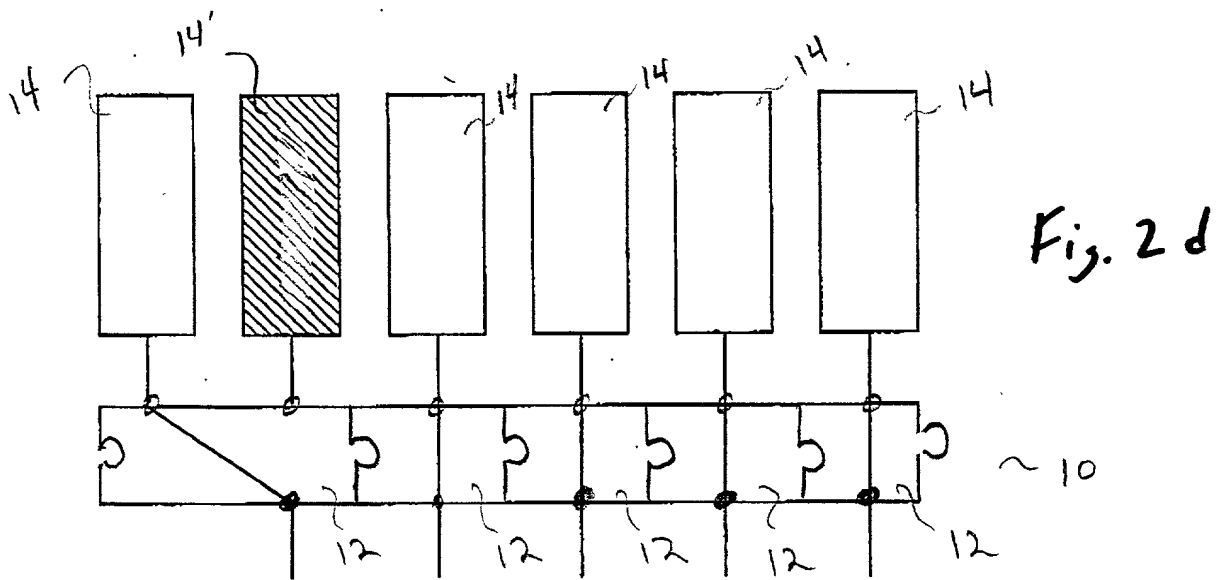
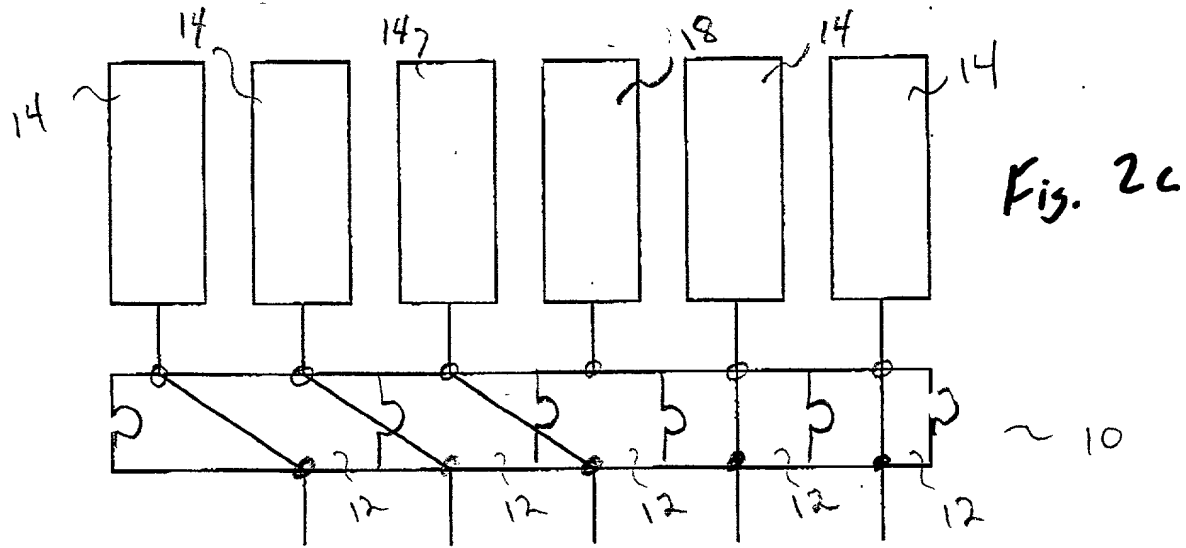


Fig. 1





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## COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

---

As a below named inventor(s), I hereby declare that:

### TYPE OF DECLARATION

This declaration is for a utility patent application.

### INVENTORSHIP IDENTIFICATION

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below, next to my name. I believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if two or more names are listed below) of the subject matter that is claimed, and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

### TITLE OF INVENTION

HIGH AVAILABILITY MECHANISM IN A CABLE ENVIRONMENT

### SPECIFICATION IDENTIFICATION

The specification

☒ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ and has U.S. Application Number \_\_\_\_\_,  
and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_.

### ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF REVIEW OF PAPERS AND DUTY OF CANDOR

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information, which is material to patentability as defined in 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

### **PRIORITY**

The present application claims the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §119(e) of Prior U.S. Provisional Applications:

**Provisional Application Serial Number**

**Filing Date**

The present application claims the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §120 of the following Applications:

**Application Serial Number**

**Filing Date**

**Status**

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### **POWER OF ATTORNEY**

I hereby appoint the following practitioner(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

**APPOINTED PRACTITIONER(S)**

**CUSTOMER NUMBER 22917**

**SEND CORRESPONDENCE TO**

**DIRECT TELEPHONE CALLS TO:**

**CUSTOMER NUMBER 22917**

Joanne Pappas 508 261-4358

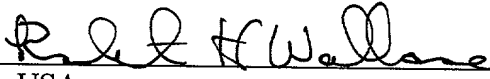
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### **DECLARATION**

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

**SIGNATURE(S)**

**First Inventor:** Robert Wallace

**Inventor's signature**  **Date** 7/24/2000  
**Country of Citizenship** USA  
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